

# Choosing Wisely<sup>®</sup>

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AMERICAN  
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## Imaging tests after a heart procedure

### When you need them—and when you don't

If you've had bypass surgery or a stent inserted to open a blocked artery in your heart, you may wonder if you need regular imaging tests to see how well your treatment is working.

Imaging tests take pictures of your heart. Ultrasound and echocardiography tests take pictures using sound waves. Coronary CT scans use X-rays to take pictures. And nuclear stress tests use a small amount of a radioactive substance to get pictures.

If you don't have symptoms of heart disease, you usually don't need any of these tests. Here's why:

#### **The tests rarely show a problem unless you have symptoms.**

Chest pain and other symptoms of heart disease can return even after you've had heart surgery or another procedure. If that happens, an imaging test can show if the area that was treated is blocked again, or if there is a new blockage. The tests can also help you and your doctor decide if you need to increase your medicine or have another procedure.

However, many people who have had a procedure, but do not have symptoms, get an imaging test every year. They have the test to see if their heart problem



has come back. But, without symptoms, the tests rarely find a problem. Actual symptoms are the best sign of a returning heart problem.

## Cardiac rehabilitation programs to help you recover after a heart procedure

A cardiac rehabilitation (rehab) program can help make your heart stronger. It can help you get back to your normal activities sooner and reduce your risk of a future heart attack. To join a program, you need approval from your doctor. If you are interested, tell your doctor or nurse.

Look for a program that is:

- **Accredited** by the American Association of Cardiovascular and Pulmonary Rehabilitation.
- **Affordable.** Find out which rehab services your health insurance covers. Ask what your out-of-pocket costs will be.
- **Close to your home.** If there isn't a program near you, ask if you can attend the program less often or have visits in your home.

Look for a program that has the following services:

- **A full evaluation before you start**, including a review of your current diet and exercise habits; new tests of your blood pressure, blood sugar, and cholesterol levels; and a stress test.
- **Regular reviews of your medicines.** Your rehab doctor should work with your heart doctor when you need to change a medicine.
- **An exercise program** that is created for your needs. A healthcare professional should keep track of your exercise.
- **An eating/nutrition plan.** A dietitian or nutritionist should help you develop an eating plan that includes foods you like and that you can stick with. The plan should also be based on your risk factors, such as high blood pressure or diabetes.
- **A case manager** who oversees all your care and tells your heart doctor about your progress.



If you can't afford a cardiac rehab program or don't live near one, ask your doctor to help you develop a heart-healthy exercise and eating plan. Then, make sure to follow your program.

### The tests have risks.

The tests are usually very safe, and some can be done with little or no radiation. But the test may show a false positive or false alarm, especially if you don't have symptoms. This can cause you unnecessary worry and stress. And it can lead to unneeded follow-up tests, such as coronary angiography. This is an invasive procedure that exposes you to added risk and radiation.

Finally, the tests can lead to having another procedure, including heart surgery. Each procedure has risks. And if you don't have symptoms, having more procedures has not been proven to help prevent another heart attack or help you live longer.

### The tests can cost a lot.

A nuclear stress test costs as much as \$2,000. A CT scan costs hundreds of dollars. And a false result can lead to other costly procedures. Coronary angiography costs more than \$1,000, and unneeded surgery costs more than \$10,000. Imaging tests do give your doctor information if you have symptoms. But if you don't, why waste the money?

### When is an imaging test a good idea after a heart procedure?

You might need an imaging test if your symptoms come back or get worse. This includes symptoms such as chest pain, shortness of breath, feeling tired, or having trouble climbing stairs.

If you don't have symptoms, you may still need an imaging test if:

- It has been more than 5 years since your bypass surgery.
- It has been more than 2 years since your stent procedure.
- You have blockages that weren't treated during your first heart procedure.
- You have diabetes or aggressive heart disease.

The tests should be used only when they will help you and your doctor manage your heart disease.

This report is for you to use when talking with your healthcare provider. It is not a substitute for medical advice and treatment. Use of this report is at your own risk.

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